

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name A

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

versatile
vs os vs

2. vertical*

vertical
ve os eb

3. dehydrate*

dehydrate
os vs vs

4. adversary

adversary
os re cc

5. conversion

conversion
os re vs on

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES.

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	Pre-controlled syllables: begin after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oa, oi, oy, ou).
VCE syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).

List 9:

6. diversion
*op de ket
di-vec-sion*

7. divert
*os Re
di-vent*

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim



Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name B

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

VER - sa - tile
(controlled) VCe
open

2. vertical*

VER - ti - cal
(controlled) closed
open

3. dehydrate*

de - hy - drate
open VCe

4. adversary

ad - ver - sar - y

5. conversion

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES.

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	r-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ay, oa, ue).
VCe syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).

List 9:

6. diversion

7. divert

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

List 9:

Name Ic

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver / sa / tile
R O VCE

2. vertical*

ver / ti / cal
R O vt

3. dehydrate*

de / hy / drate
VS O VCE

4. adversary

ad / ver / sar / y
C R C / y

5. conversion

con / ver / sion
C R FSS

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES

Open syllables end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	Re-syllabicated syllables have a vowel after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ai, oa, au).
VCE syllables have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables have a pattern that ends with a consonant at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tub).

List 9:

6. diversion

di / ver / sich
o R FSS

7. divert

di / vert
o R

8. inverse

in / ver / se

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name Divina

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver-sa-tile
RC O VCe

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
RC O C

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
O O VCe

4. adversary

ad-ver-sar-y
C RC C O

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
C RC FS

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

<p>Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.</p>	<p>R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.</p>
<p>Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.</p>	<p>Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern. (examples: oo, oi, oa, ou)</p>
<p>Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.</p>	<p>Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consonant. (examples: -ble, -tice)</p>

List 9:

6. diversion

di-vert-sion
O RC FS

7. divert

di-vert
O RC

8. inverse

in-verse

9. revert

re-vert
RC

10. demolish

11. reclaim

List 9:

6. diversion

di-~~ver~~-sion
di-~~ver~~-sion

7. divert

di-~~vert~~

8. inverse

in-~~verse~~

9. revert

re-~~vert~~

10. demolish

de-~~mo~~-lish

11. reclaim

re-~~claim~~

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name FI

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

VER-sa-til
VC O VCE

2. vertical*

VC O C
VER-ti-cal

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
O O VCE

4. adversary

ad-ver-sar-y
C CC CC O

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
C C C VSS

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, oi, oa, oo).
Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).

List 9:

6. diversion

di-ver-sion
o re fss

7. divert

di-vert
o re

8. inverse

in-verse
c re

9. revert

re-vert

10. demolish

de-mol-ish

11. reclaim

re-claim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name MVFVLL

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, oa, ou).
VCE syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).

1. versatile*

VET - sɔ - tɪ - l
C VCE

2. vertical*

VET - tɪ - l
C C

3. dehydrate*

de - hɪ - dɪ - t
VCE VCE

4. adversary

ad - vɛr - sɔ - rɪ - d
C C R - con - trolled

5. conversion

con - vɛr - sɪ - on
C C R C f h s

List 9:

6. diversion

$\begin{matrix} di-vert-
o \\ \text{ri-ct} \end{matrix}$

7. divert

$\begin{matrix} di-vert- \\ o \\ c \end{matrix}$

8. inverse

$\begin{matrix} in-vert- \\ c \end{matrix}$

9. revert

$\begin{matrix} re-vert- \\ o \\ c \end{matrix}$

10. demolish

$\begin{matrix} de-molish- \\ o \\ c \end{matrix}$

11. reclaim

$\begin{matrix} re-claim- \\ o \\ c \end{matrix}$

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name Nyland

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*
ver-sa-tile
VC CVC

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
VC CVC

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
VC CVC VC

hydro--water
VCVCVCVC

4. adversary

-sadv-

ad-ver-sar-y
C C VC CVC

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
C VC CVC VC

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ai, oo, ur).
VCE syllables have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tise).

List 9:

6. diversion

dɪ-ˈvɜːr-ʃən
C C C S S

7. divert

dɪ-ˈvɜːt
C C C

8. inverse

ɪn-ˈvɜːs
C C C

9. revert

ri-ˈvɜːt
C C C

10. demolish

de-ˈmɒl-ɪʃən

11. reclaim

ri-ˈkleɪm

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name D

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver-sa-tile
re os vice

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
re os cs

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
os os esVce

4. adversary

ad-ver-sary

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
cs re fss

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES

Open syllables end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams consist of multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ay, oa, ou, io).
VCE syllables have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).



List 9:

6. diversion

di-ver-sion
OS RC FSS

7. divert

di-vert
OS CS

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

List 9:

Name E

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

VER - SA - TLE
 CT OP VCE

2. vertical*

VER - TI - CAL
 CT OP CT

3. dehydrate*

DE - HY - DRATE
 OP OP VCE

4. adversary

AD - VER - SAR - Y

5. conversion

CON - VER - SION

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, oy, oo, ou).
VCE syllables have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consonatic (examples: -ble, -tion).

List 9:

6. diversion

7. divert

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name Amelia

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver-sa-tile
VC O VCC

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
VC O VC

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
O VC VCC

4. adversary

ad-ver-sar-y
VC VC O

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
VC VC FSS

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

<p>Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.</p>	<p>R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.</p>
<p>Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.</p>	<p>Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ai, oa, ou).</p>
<p>Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.</p>	<p>Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tise).</p>

List 9:

6. diversion

di-
|
o ver-sion
|
vce FSS

7. divert

di-
|
o vert
|
c

8. inverse

in-verse

9. revert

re-vert

10. demolish

dem

11. reclaim

List 9:

6. diversion

di-ver-sion
vt c FSS

7. divert

di-ver-t

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name Lydia

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, oi, oa, ue).
Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e pattern, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).

1. versatile*
 Ver - s^o - a - ble

2. vertical*
 Ver - ti - cal

3. dehydrate*
 de - hy - dra - te

4. adversary
 Ad - ver - sa - ry

5. conversion
 Con - ver - sion

List 9:

6. diversion ^{rc} ^{FS}
di-Ver-Sion

7. divert ^{rc}
di-vert

8. inverse ^{rc} ^o
in-Ver-se

9. revert ^{rc}
re-vert

10. demolish

de-mol-ish

11. reclaim

re-claim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name Nyssa

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	Pre-controlled syllables: have an <i>h</i> after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ai, oa, ue)
VCE syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -ctin)

1. versatile*

ver-sa-tile ✓
VC O VCE

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
VC O C

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate ✓
O VCE

4. adversary

ad-ver-sar-y
C VC VC VC

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
C VC VC FSS

List 9:

6. diversion ^{RC} FSS
^D di-ven-dion

7. divert
^D di-^{RC}vert

8. inverse ^{RC}
^C in-verse

9. revert ^{RC}
^D re-vert

10. demolish
de-mol-ish

11. reclaim
re-claim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name Edrid M-C

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time-permits.

1. versatile*

$\frac{Ver - sa - Tile}{R - G \quad OS} \quad \frac{VCE OS}$

2. vertical*

$\frac{Ver - ti - cal}{RC \quad OS \quad OS}$

3. dehydrate*

$\frac{De - hy - drate}{OS \quad OS \quad VCE}$

4. adversary

$\frac{Ad - ver - sar - y}{OS \quad RC \quad OS \quad OS}$

5. conversion

$\frac{Con - ver - sion}{OS \quad RC} \quad \frac{FSS}$

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	P-controlled syllables: have an <i>p</i> after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern. (examples: oo, oi, oi, oi, oo)
Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent. (examples: -ble, -tion)

List 9:

6. diversion

$\frac{di}{os} = \frac{ver - sion}{RC}$

7. divert

$\frac{di}{os} = \frac{vert}{RC}$

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

List 9:

Name sterling

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern. (Examples: oo, oy, oi, oa, ue)
Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent. (examples: -th, -tion)

1. versatile*

VER-sa-tile
RC OS VCE

2. vertical*

VER-ti-cal
RC OS CS

3. dehydrate*

DE-hy-drate
OS OS VCE

4. adversary

Ad-ver-sar-y
CS RC OS

5. conversion

CON-ver-sion
CS RC OS

List 9:

6. diversion

$\frac{DI-VER-SION}{OS RC FSS}$

7. divert

$\frac{DI-vert}{OS}$

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

re-claim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

List 9:

Name Arvid, N

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver - sa - ble
 RES O VCE

2. vertical*

ver - ti - cal
 RES O C

3. dehydrate*

de - hy - drate
 O O VCE

4. adversary

ad - ver - sar - ey

5. conversion

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ay, oy, ou).
Vc/syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)ive patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is capital-lettered (examples: ble, -tion).



List 9:

6. diversion

7. divert

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

List 9:

Name: Alondra

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ay, oo, au).
Vce syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion).

1. **versatile*** *o u vce*
ver-sa-tile

2. **vertical***
ver-ti-cal

3. **dehydrate***
vce
de-hy-drate

4. **adversary**
o
ad-ver-sar-y

5. **conversion**
o
con-ver-sion

List 9:

6. diversion ^C
di-ver-sion ^{FS}

7. divert ^C
di-vert

8. inverse ^{vice}
in-verse

9. revert ^C
re-vert

10. demolish ^C
de-mol-ish

11. reclaim ^C
re-claim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name F

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver-sa-tile
Vowels: open, VCE

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
VCE o vowel team

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
VCE open VCE

4. adversary

ad-ver-sar-y
C VC

5. conversion

con-ver-sion
Closed VC + SS

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	Recontrolled syllables: have an after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern. (examples: oo, oi, oi, ou, oo)
VCE syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s) pattern, making the vowel long and the silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent. (examples: -ite, -ible)

List 9:

6. diversion

dl-vert spon
ohn e fss

7. divert

dl-vert
o RC

8. inverse

In-vert-se

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name G

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

1. versatile*

ver - sa - tile
r-controlled o vce

2. vertical*

ver - ti - cal
vc o c

3. dehydrate*

de - hy - drate
o p vce

4. adversary

ad - ver - sar - y
c vc vc y

5. conversion

con - ver - sion
c vc fs

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.

Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.

VCE syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.

R-controlled syllables: have an r after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.

Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ai, oa, ue)

Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ble, -tion)

List 9:

6. diversion

di-vert-sign
C VCE FS

7. divert

di-vert

8. inverse

in-verse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

Word Application 1 - Syllabication

Name ari

Directions: Syllabicate the bold words first. Syllabicate the rest of the words if time permits.

THERE ARE 6 SYLLABLE TYPES:

Open syllables: end in single vowel, making the vowel usually long.	R-controlled syllables: have an "r" after the vowel, affecting the vowel sound.
Closed syllables: end in a consonant after a single vowel, making the vowel short.	Vowel teams: contain multiple vowels that form a pattern (examples: oo, oi, ai, oa, ue)
VCE syllables: have a vowel-consonant(s)-e patterns, making the vowel long and the e silent.	Final stable syllables: have a pattern that only appears at the end of words and is consistent (examples: -ate, -tion)

1. versatile*

ver-sa-tile
 CS OS VCE

2. vertical*

ver-ti-cal
 CS OS CS

3. dehydrate*

de-hy-drate
 CS OS VCE

4. adversary

ad-ver-sar-y

5. conversion

con-vert-sion

List 9:

6. diversion
OS R-C FSS
di-vert-sion

7. divert
R-C
OS
di-vert

8. inverse

9. revert

10. demolish

11. reclaim

